West Bengal Act XXXH of 1957¹

THE WEST BENGAL GAMBLING AND PRIZE COMPETITIONS ACT, 1957.

Wesi Ben. Act II of 1973. West Ben. Act XLIV of 1978. Wesi Ben, Act V of 1979.

[12th March, 1958.]

An Act to consolidate and amend the law, relating to the prevention of gambling and to provide for the control and regulation of prize competitions.

WHEREAS it is expedient to consolidate and amend the law relating to the prevention of gambling and to provide for the control and regulation of prize competitions;

II is hereby cnacted in the Eighth Year of the Republic of India, by the Legislature of West Bengal, as follows:ô

CHAPTER I.

Preliminary.

- (1) This Act may be called the West Bengal Gambling and Prize Competitions Act, 1957.
- (2) It extends to the whole of West Bengal.
- (3) This section shall come into force at once and the remaining provisions of this Act, in whole or in part, shall come into³ force in such areas and on such dates as the State Government may, by notification in the *Official Gazette*, appoint and for this purpose different dates may be appointed for different provisions of this Act and for different areas.

CHAPTER N.

Prevention of Gambling.

2, (I) In this chapter unless the context otherwise requires:ô Definitions.

For the Statement of Objects and Reason *s.see* the *Calcutta Gazette*. *Extraordinary*, dated the 22nd November, 1957, Part IVA, page 5553; for proceedings of the Wesi Bengal Legislative Assembly, ire the proceedingsofibc meetings of lhal Assembly held on the and 11th Decs mber. 1957; and for proceedings of I he West Bengal Legislative Council, *see* the proceedings of the meeting of Hhal Council held on the 17th December. 1957,

Enforcement with efTect from the 12th March, 1958ô

Short title, extern and commencement.

- (a) of Chapler 0 of Ihc Act, eiccpt section £0, in so far as thai section relates to birds, see notification No. 906 PI., dated 12,3,58, published in the Calcutta Gazette, Exrraordinnr)' of 1958, Pan 1, pa£q 939.
 (b) ofChapter III of the Act. see notification No, 910 PL, dated 12,3,58, published in the Calcutta Gazelle, Extraordinary of 1958, Pan I, page 961.

AMENDED

[West Ben. Act

(Chapter II.—Prevention of Gambling.—Section 2.)

- (a) "common gaming house" means any house, room, lent, walled enclosure, spate, vehicle, vessel or any place whatsoever, in which any instrument of gaming is kepi or used for the profit or gain of the person owning, occupying, using or keeping such house, room, lent, enclosure, space, vehicle, vessel or place, whether by way of charge forlhe use of such house, room, tent, enclosure, space, vehicle, vessel, place or instrument or otherwise howsoever;
- '(b) "gaming or gambling" includes wagering or belling except wagering or betting upon a horse-race, when such wagering or belling takes placeô
 - in accordance with the terms and conditions of a licence granted by the Stale Government under this Ad,
 - (ii) on the day on which the race is to be run,
 - (iii) in an enclosure which the licensee or the race course, on which the race is to be run, has set apart for the purpose under the terms of license granted under section 2C, in respect of such race course, or in any other place approved by the Stale Government in this behalf,
 - (iv) with a licensed book-maker or by means of a totalisator as defined in section 14 of the Bengal Amusements Cen. AciV Tiv AH icm

IS9S.

'2A. No racing club or the owner, lessee or occupier of any racecourse shall conduct or control horse-racing or pony-racing without a

(Chapter //.— Prevention of Gambling,—Sections 2A-2D.)

A. No racing club or if i shall conduct or contrc license granted in [his behalf.

'2B. The owner, lessee or occupier of any race-course may apply to the Slate Government for a license for horse-racing or pony-racing on such racc-course.

- '2C. (I) On an application made under section 2B, the State Government may granl license subjeel lo such conditions and for such period as it thinks fit or may refuse lo granl a license.
- (2) The conditions subject to which a license may be granted may provide forô
 - (a) the pay men! of such licensc fee as may he prescribed,
 - (b) the amount of stakes which may be allotted for different kinds of horses or ponies,
 - (c) the measures to be taken for the training of persons lo become Jockeys,
 - (d) such other matters, whether directly or indirectly connected with ihe horse-racing or pony-racing for which, in the opinion of the Slaic Government, it is necessary or expedient lo make provisions in the license.
- (3) The Slate Government may ai any lime cancel any license granted under diis section in the event of any breach of the conditions subject to which it was granted.
- (4) The terms and conditions of such license shall be published in the Official Gazette.
- (5) The State Government may by such license authorise the licensee lo grant, subject to such conditions as shall be specified by i/ic Slate Government in such license, a license to any book-maker lo carry on his business or vocation or lo act as a book-maker or turf commission agent in respect of horse-races or pony-races held on a race course. The license to the book-maker may be granted for such period as the licensee may think Hi; bul in no case it shall exceed the period of license granted to the licensee by the Stale Governmenl,
- '2D. (I) If any person or association of persons to whom a license has been granted under section 2C contravenes any of ihe provisions subject to which such license was granted, such person or association of persons shall be punishable with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees.

Horscncingor pony-racinj: without license prohibited.

Application Tor license for hensemeing.

Grantor license for horse-racing orponylacing and cancellation of such license.

Penalty Tor conlrqvcntinnof condition of license.

'Sections 2A to 2D were inserted by s. 3 or the West Bengal Gorrtbling and Prize Compeiiiions (Amendiivent) Ac!, J 979 (West Bi;n, Aci V of 1979).

(Chapter 11.—Prevention of Gambling.—Sections 3, 4.)

- (2) ir any book-maker to whom a license has been granted by a licensee in pursuance of (he provisions of sub-section (5) of section 2C contravenes any of the conditions subject to which such license was granted, he shall be punishable with fine which may extend lo one thousand rupees.
- Whoever, being the owner or occupier or having the use of any house, room, tent, walled enclosure, space, vehicle, vessel or any place whatsoever, opens, keeps, or uses the same as a common gaming house;

and whoever, being the owner or occupier of any such house, room, tent, walled enclosure, space, vehicle, vessel or place as aforesaid, knowingly or wilfully permits the same to be opened, occupied, used or kept by any other person as a common gaming house;

*

and whoever has the care or management of, or in any manner assists in conducting the business oF any house, room, tent, walled enclosure, space, vehicle, vessel or place as aforesaid opened, occupied, used or kept for the purpose aforesaid;

and whoever advances or furnishes money for the purpose of gaming with persons frequenting such house, room, tent, walled enclosure, space, vehicle, vessel or place as aforesaid;

shall be punishable on conviction, with fine '[with rigorous imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years but shall not be less than six months and with Fine which may extend to two thousand rupees].

4. Whoever is found in any house, room, tent, walled enclosure, space, vehicle, vessel or any place referred lo in section 3 playing or gaming with cards, dice, counters, money or other instruments of gaming, or is found there present for the purpose of gaming, whether playing for any money, wager, stake or otherwise, shall be punishable, on conviction, with fine -[with rigorous imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years but shall not be less than three months and with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees];

and any person found in any common gaming house during any gaming or playing therein shall be presumed, until the contrary be proved, to have been there for the purposes of gaming.

The words within (he square brackets were sub slit u led Pontic words "no 1 exceed ing five hu ndred ru pees or wi I h i mpri s on men! for a term no I c icccd ing three months or with boih" by s. 2 of Lhe Wesi Bengal Gambling and Prize Compelitions (Amendment) Aci, 1978 (Wesi Ben. AcIXLIV of 1978).

The words wilhin ihc square brackets were substilluted for the words "not exceeding two hundred rupees or wilh imprisonment for a term not exceeding one monition with

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(Chapter II.—Prevention of Gambling.—Sections 5-7.)

5. (1) It shall be lawful for any police officer noi below the rank of Sub-In spec lor, 'authorised by the Stale Government in this behalf by general or special order in writing, to enter, if necessary, by force, with such assistance as he considers necessary, by night or by day, any house, room, tent, walled enclosure, space, vehicle, vessel or place referred to in section 4, which he has reason to suspect, is being used as a common gaming house, and may lake into custody all persons whom he finds therein, whether or not such persons may be then actually gaming;

Power lo cnlcr ami nu tho rise policc (o enter and search,

and may seize all instruments of gaming, and all moneys and securities for money, and articles of value, reasonably suspected lo have been used or intended lo be used for the purpose of gaming, which are found therein; 'and may search all parts of llie house, room, lent, walled enclosure, space, vehicle, vessel or place which he shall have so entered, when he has reason lo believe thai any instruments of gaming are concealed therein, and also the persons or ihose, whom he so takes into custody; - and may seize and take possession of all instruments of gaming found upon such search.

- . (2) All persons taken into custody under sub-section (1) shall be produced before the nearest magistrate within a period of twenty-four hours of taking into custody excluding the time necessary for the journey from lite place of taking into custody to [he court of the magistrate.
- 6. When any cards, dice, gaming-table, cloth, boards or oLher instruments of gaming are found in any house, room, tent, walled enclosure, space, vehicle, vessel or any place whatsoever, entered or searched under section 5 or about the person of any of those who are found therein, it shall be evidence, until the contrary be proved, that such horse, room, lenl, walled enclosure, space, vehicle, vessel or place is used as a common gaming house and that the persons round therein were present there for the purpose of gaming, although no gaming or playing was actually seen by the police officers.
- 7. If any person found in any common gaming house entered by any police officer under section 5 upon being arrested by such police officer or upon being brought before any magistrate, refuses or neglects to give his name and address or gives any false name or address on being so required by any such magistrate or police officer,

he.shall, on conviction, be liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one month or lo fine not exceeding five hundred rupees or with both, together with such costs as lo the convicting magistrate may appear reasonable, and in default of payment of fine, if any, also to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one month.

For noiifkalion authorising every police officer of or above [he rank of Sub-Inspector of Police lo exercise all lhe powers specified in section 5(1) of (he Acl, see notification No. 5692ô P1JP2Aô 16/59, daied 17.12.60, published in the Calcutta Gazelle of 1960, Pan I. page 4031.

Finding cards, etc., in suspected houses to be evidence t hat (hey arc common gaming house.

Penally tor giving false name and address.

(Chapter il. Prevention of Gambling.'—Sections 8-10.)

Dei iruc lion ofins lranienis of gaming and paymenl of reward lo informers. 8. On conviction of any person for keeping or using any common gaming house, or being present therein for the purpose of gaming, the convicting magistrate may order all the instruments of gaining found therein lo be destroyed, and may also order all or any of the securities for money, and other articles seized, not being instruments of gaming, to be sold and converted into money, and the proceeds thereof wilh all moneys seized therein Id be forfeited; or in liis discretion, may order any part ihereof lo be returned to ihe persons appearing to have been severally ihereinio entitled;

he may also order that a portion not exceeding one-fourth of any fine levied under section 3 or section 4 or any portion of the moneys or proceeds of articles seized and ordered to be forfeited under this section, shall be paid as reward to any person, whose information and assistance had contributed to the detection of the offence and seizure of the moneys and articles aforesaid.

- 9. Il shall not be necessary, in order to convict any person of keeping a common gaming house, or of being concerned in the management of any common gaming house, to prove that any person found playing therein at any game was playing for any money, wager or slaker.
- ¹10. A police officer may arrest without warrant any person found in any public market, fair, street or thoroughfare or any place to which the public have or are permitted to have access, gaming with cards, dice, counters, money or other instruments of gaming,

or any person, setting, for the purpose of gaming, any birds or animals to fight in any public market,-fair, street or thoroughfare or any place to which the public have or arc permitted to have access,

or any person there present, aiding and abetting such public fighting of birds and aminals.

Such person, when arrested, shall be produced before the nearest magistrate within a period of iwenty-four hours of such arrest excluding ihe time necessary for the journey from the place of arrest to the court of the magistrate and upon conviction shall be punishable wiLh fine not exceeding two hundred rupees or with imprisonment for a term not exceeding one month or with both,

and such police officer may seize all instruments of gaming and all moneys and securities for money, and all birds and animals found and reasonably suspected lobe used for the purpose of gaming in such public market, fair, street, thoroughfare or place or on the person of those whom he shall so arrest, and ihe magistrate may, on conviction of the offender, order such instruments to be forthwith destroyed and such birds and animals lo be sold and ihe proceeds thereof wilh all moneys seized therefrom to be forfeited.

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Gaming and senilis birds and animals lo fijhl in public s iiu:ls.

(Chapter II.—Prevention of Gambling.—Sections U-i4.)

11. A police officer may arrcsl without warrant any person who prints, publishes, sells, distributes or in any manner circulates any newspaper, newssheet or other document or any news or information with Ihe intention of aiding or facilitating gaming;

and any police officer may enter and search any place for the purpose of seizing, and may seize all things reasonably suspected lb be used or to be intended to be used for the purpose aforesaid.

All persons taken in custody as aforesaid shall be produced before the nearest magistrate within a period of twenty-hours of such arrest excluding the time necessary for the journey from the place of arrest to the court of the magistrate.

Each of all such persons shall be punishable, on conviction, with fine not exceeding two hundred rupees or with imprisonment for a term not exceeding one month or with both.

12. Nothing in this chapicr shall apply to any game of mere skill wherever played:

Provided that when such game is played in a public market, fair, carnival or street or in any place where the public may have access, a permit from the Commissioner of Police, in Calcutta or the District Magistrate or the Subdivisional Magistrate elsewhere, shall be obtained first, by the organiser thereof, or payment of such fee asmay be prescribed.

Any person contravening the provisions of this section shall be punishable, on conviction with fine not exceeding one hundred rupees or with imprisonment for a term not exceeding one month or with both.

13. Any person who shall have been concerned in gaming leading to, and who shall be examined as a witness before a magistrate in respect of, the trial of any person for a breach of any of the provisions of this chapter and who upon such examination shall make (rue and faithful discovery to the best of his knowledge or all things as to which he shall be so examined, and who shall thereupon receive from the said magistrate a certificate in writing to that effect, shall be freed from all prosecutions under the provisions of this chapter for anything done before that lime in respect of such gaming.

14. Offences punishable under this chapter shall be triable by any magistsate having jurisdiction in the place where the offence is committed.

Bui such magistrate shall be restrained within the limits of his jurisdiction under the Code of Criminal Procedure as to the amount of Hnp f\r ininricnnmnnl hp mnv ir>flir

Power of polite officer lo enlcranj arresi persons, who prim, publish cic, mailers relating lo gaming.

Exemption of gome of skill.

Indemnity of

O/Tenets by whom triable. (Chapter H.—Prevention of Gambling.—Sections 15-IS.— Chapter HI.—Control mid Regulation of Prize ■ Competitions.—Section 19. J

- 15. Whoever, having been convicted of an offence punishable under ihis chapter, shall be guilty of any such offence, shall be subject, for every such subsequent offence, to double the amount of punishment with which he wov'ld otherwise have been punishable for the same, '[provided that he shall not be punishable in any case with rigorous imprisonment for a term not exceeding three years and with fine not exceeding four thousand rupees.]
- 16. No suit, prosecution or other legal proceeding shall tic againsY any officer of the Government for anything which is in good faith done or intended to be done under this chapter.
- 17. (I) The Slate Government may, by notification in the *Official Gazette* and after previous publication, make -rules for carrying out the purposes or this chapter.

(2) To particular and without prejudice to the generality of [he foregoing power such rules may provide for any mailer which is to be or may be prescribed under this chapter.

IS. The following enactments are hereby repealed:ô

- (a) The Bengal Public Gambling Act, 1S67;
- (b) The definitions of "gaming", "instruments of gaming" and "common gaming house" in section 3, and sections 44, 45, 46,47, 48, 49, SO, 50A and 51 of the Calcutta Police Ac\, 1866;
- (c) Sections 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 15A and 59 of the Howrah Offences Act, 1857.

CHAPTER III. .

Control and Regulation of Prize Competitions.

- 19. In this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires,ô
 - (a) "licensing authority" means any officer or authority appointed by the State Government, by Notification in the *Official Gazette*, for the purpose of granting licenses under this chapter;

"The words within the square brackets were substilluted for [he words "provided that he shall not be pu n i 5 table i n any ease wjihDne c*cecdi ng one thousand nipws orvvilh imprison] rwrit for a ierm esceeding one year or with bolh" by s. -1 of lhe Wesi Bengal Gambling and Prize Competitions (Anno ni! men I) Act. 1978 (West Den. Acl XLIV of 1978).

Tor (he West Bengal Gambling Rules, 1958, zee notification No, I I7jô PL, dated lhe 24.3.58. published in Lhe *Calcutta Gazette. Extraordinary* of 1958. Pan I, page 1098.

For notification relating lo appoinimem of whe Depuiy Secretary. Home (Police) Department as the ficensinif authority for the granting licenses under Chapter III or tho Aci. see notification Nd. 1758—PI./PIE—16/59, dated 18.4.59. published in the Calcutta Gazette of 1959, Pan I. paec 1 Ml

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Definitions.

Repeal.

Ben. Act [I of 1367.

Bii«. Aci IV of 1866.

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- (b) "money" includes a cheque or any other negotiable instrument, postal order or money order;
- (c) "prescribed" means prescribed by rules made under this chapter;
- (d) "prize competition" means any competition (whether called a cross-word prize competition, a missing-word prize competition, a picture prize competition or by any other name whatsoever, whether of a similar nature or not) in which prizes are offered for the solution oF any puzzle based upon the building up, arrangement, combination or permutation, of letters, words or figures.
- 20. For the purposes of this chapter,ô

 (a) references to printing shall be construed as including references to writing and other modes of representing or reproducing letters, words or figures in a visible form; and

(b) documents or other matters shall be deemed lo be distributed if they are distributed lo persons or places within or ouiside the area or areas in which this chapter is in force and the word "distribution" shall be construed accordingly.

21, No person shall promote or conduct any prize competition in which the total value of the prize or prizes (whether in cash or otherwise) to be offered in any month exceeds one thousand rupees or in which the number of entries exceeds two thousand.

22. Subject lo the provisions of section 21, no person shall promote or conduct any prize competition in which the total value of the prize or prizes (whether in cash or otherwise) to be offered in any month does not exceed one thousand rupees unless he has obtained in this behalf a licence granted in accordance with the provisions of this chapter and the rules made thereunder.

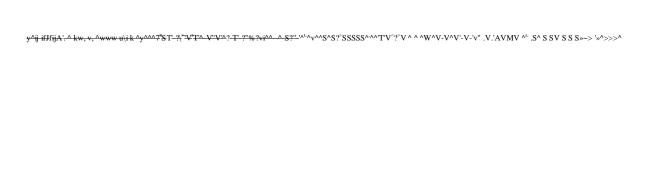
- 23. (I) Every person desiring to obtain a licence referred to in section 22 shall make an application in writing to the licensing authority in such form and manner as may be prescribed.
- (2) On the receipt of such application, the licensing authority, after making such inquiry as it considers necessary, shall, by order in writing, either grant the licence applied for or refuse to grant the licence.

Inlerpreulion.

Prohibition of prize competition where the prize olTereJ exceedsone thousand rupees a month.

Licensing of prize competition where the prize offered docs not exceed one thousand rupees a month.

Licences for prize comptl i lions



The West Bengal Gambling and Prize Competitions Acr, 1957.

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XXXII of 1957,]

(3) Where the licensing authority refuses to grant a licence it shall record a brief statement of the reasons for such refusal and furnish a

[West Ben. Act

(Chapter HI.—Control and Regulation of Prize Competitions.—Sections 24-27.)

- (4) The fees on payment of which, the period for which, the conditions subject lo which, and [he form in which, a licence may be granted shall be such as may be prescribed.
- Promoters orprize competitions lo keep accounts and submit lhe same In The licensing authority.

Power to cancel or suspend licences.

- 24. Every person who promotes or conducts a prize competition in accordance with the provisions of this chapter and the rules made thereunder shall keep accounts relating to such competition and submit to the licensing authority a statement of accounts in such form and at such intervals as may be prescribed.
- 25. (1) The licensing authority may, after giving the holder or any licence a reasonable opportunity of being heard, cancel or suspend the licence on any one or more of the following grounds, namely:ô
 - (a) (hat there has been a breach of any of the conditions subject to which the licence was granted;
 - (b) that [he holder of [he licence has contravened any of [he provisions of section 24,
- (2) Whenever a licence is cancelled or suspended the licensing authority shall record a brief statement of the reasons for such cancellation or suspension and furnish a copy thereof to the person whose licence has been cancelled or suspended.

Penally Tor pro moling conducting any prize compel ilion contravention nl" [lie provisions of sections 21 and 22.

Penalty for failure lo keep and submit

- 26. If any person promotes or conducts any prise competition in contravention of the provisions of section 21 or section 22, he shall on conviction be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three months, or with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees, or with both.
- 27. If any person liable under section 24 to keep accounts or lo submit statements of accoums fails lo keep accounts or to submit statements of accounts as required by thai section or keeps accounts or submits statements of nccounis which are false and which he either knows or believes to be false or does not believe to be true, he shall, on conviction be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one month, or with fine which

may extend to five hundred rupees, or with both, but nothing contained in this section shall affect

(Chapter HI.—Control and Regulation of Prize Competitions.— Sections 28, 29.)

28. If any person with a view to the promotion or conduct of any prize competition except in accordance with the provisions of a licence under [his chapter or in contravention of [he provisions of this chapter or in connection with any prize competition promoted or conducted except in accordance with such provisionsô

Penally for oiher o (Tenets in connection wilh prize competitions.

- (a) prims or publishes any ticket, coupon, or other document for use in the prize competition; or
- (b) sells or distributes or offers or advertises for sale or distribution, or has in his possession for the purpose of sale or distribution any ticket, coupon or other document for use in the prize competition; or
- (c) prints, publishes or distributes, or has in his possession for the purpose of publication or distribution,
 - (i) any advertisement of the prize competition, or
 - (ii) any list (whether complete or not) of prize winners in the prize competition, or
 - (iii) any such matter descriptive of, or otherwise relating to. the prize competition as is calculated to act as an inducement to persons to participate in that prize competition or any other prize competition; or
- (d) brings, or invites any person to send, into the area or areas in which this chapter is in force, for the purpose of sale or distribution, any ticket, coupon or other document for use in, or any advertisement of, the prize competition; or
- (e) sends, or attempts to send, out of the area or areas in which this chapter is in force, any money or valuable tiling received in respect of the sale or distribution of any ticket, coupon or other document Tor use in the prize competition; or
- (f) uses any premises, or causes or knowingly permits any premises to be used, for purposes connected with the promotion or conduct of the prize competition; or
- (g) causes or procures or attempts to procure any person to do any of the abovementioned acts,

he shall on conviction be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three months, or with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees, or with both.

29. (I) If any person guilty of any offence under this chapter is a company, every person who, at the time the offence was committed was in charge of, and was responsible to the company, as well as the company, shall be deemed to be guilty of that offence and shall be liable to be

Offences by Corporalions.

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(Chapter III.—Control and Regulation of Prize Competitions.— Sections 30, 31.)

Provided that nothing contained in this sub-scciion shall render any such person liable lo any punishment provided in this chaplcrifhe proves that ihegffence was committed without his knowledge or (hat he exercised all due diligence to prevent the commission of such offence.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1), where nr offence under this chapter has been committed with llic consent or connivance of or is attributable lo gross neglect on the part of any director, manager, secretary or other officerof the company, such director, manager, secretary or other officer shall also be deemed to be guilty of that offence and shall be liable to be proceeded against and punished accordingly.

Explanation.ô For the purposes of this section,ô

- (a) "company" means a body corporate and includes a firm or other association of individuals; atvd
- (b) "director" in relation lo a firm means a partner in the firm.
- 30. The licensing authority mayô
 - (a) require any person promoting or conducting a prize competition to produce before it the accounts and other documents
 - É kept by such person or lo furnish lo it such other information relating to the prize competition as it may require;
 - (b) inspect at all reasonable limes lhe accounts and olher documents kept by such person.
- 31. (1) It shall be **lawful for** any police officer not below the rank **of** Sub-Inspector 'auihorised by the State Government in (his behalf by general or special order in writing,ô
 - (a) to enter, if necessary by force, whether hy day or by nighl, with such assistance as he considers necessary, any premises which he has reason to suspect arc being used for purposes connected with the promotion or conduct of any prize competition in contravention of the provisions of this chapter,
 - (b) to search the premises and the persons whom he may find therein;
 - (c) lo take into custody and produce before a magistrate all persons who are concerned, or against whom a reasonable complaint has been made or credible information has been received or a reasonable suspicion exists of lheir having been

For notification lelacing 10 lim authorisation of every police officer of or above lhe rank or an Assistant Commissioner of Police, in Calcutta, ami a Dcpuly Superintendent T Police. elseivhere, lo exercise all lhe powers specified in clauses (a), (b). (c) and (d) of sub-sec(ion(]) of sec lion 31 of the Aci. jeenDiification No. 912 PI- ihit-H I **iR nuhiichrvf

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(Chapter ill.—Control and Regulation of Prize Competitions.— Sections 32-37.)

concerned with the user of sucli premises for purposes connected with, or with the promotion or conduct of any prize competition in contravention of the provisions of this-chapter; and .

- (d) to seize all things found therein which are intended lo be used or reasonably suspected to have been used in connection . . with such prize competition.
- (2) AH searches under this section shal) be made in accordance with the provisions of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.

32. Where any newspaper or other publication contains any mailer referred to in clause (c) of section 28 relating lo any prize competition promoted or conducted in contravention of the provisions of this chapter or except in accordance with the provisions of a licence under this chapter the State Government may, be notification in the *Official Gazette*, declare every copy of

Forfeiture of newspapers arid publications containing prize compciiiions.

33. Any person aggrieved by the decision of the licensing authority refusing lo grant a licence or cancelling or suspending a licence may, within such lime as may be prescribed, prefer an appeal lo the State Government and the decision of the State Government on such appeal shall be final.

such newspaper or other publication to he forfeited.

Appeals.

34. The licensing authority and any oiher officer acting under this chapter shall be deemed to be public servants within the meaning of section 21 of the Indian Penal Code.

Licensing authority and other officers id be public servants.

35. No court inferior to that of a Presidency Magistrate or a magistrate of the first class shall try any offence under this chapter.

Jurisdiction loiry offences.

36. No suit, prosecution or other legal proceeding shall lie against ihe licensing authority or any other officer of the Government for anything which is in good faith done or intended to be done under this chapter or the rules made thereunder.

Pro lection of act ion (atcnunder ibis chapter.

37. (J) The Stale Government may, by notification in the *Official Gazette*, and after previous publication, make 'rules for carrying out the purposes of ihis chapter.

Power to miikc rules.

For the West Bengal Prize Competilions Rules, 1958. see notification No. 1172-PI, dated the 243.58, published in the Calcutta Gazette, Eilruvrdiitary of 1958, Pan I,

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The West Bengal Gambling and Prize Competitions Act, 1957.

[West Ben. Act XXXII of 1957.]

(Chapter 111—Control and Regulation of Prize Competitions.— Section 37.)

- (2) In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may provide for all or any of the following matters, namely:ô
 - (a) the form and manner of application for a licence under this chapter and lhe fees, if any, for such licence;
 - (b) lhe period for which, ihe conditions subject to which and the form in which, a licence may be granted under cliis chapter;
 - (c) lhe form in which and lhe intervals at which statements of accounts referred to in section 24 shall be submitted lo the licensing authority;
 - (d) lhe lime within which an appeal against a decision of the licensing authority under this chapter may be preferred to the State Government;
 - (c) any other mailer which is to be or may be prescribed under [his chapter.